## Pricing

TUESDAY JANUARY 12, 2016

## Legal and Ethical Considerations

Pricing in a manner that is fair and reasonable to customers.

- Affordability for customers rather than extreme profit for retailers.

Many considerations must be taken into account when pricing products and services:
Price fixing
Price discrimination
Unit pricing
Resale price maintenance
Unfair trade practice
Price advertising
Pricing ethics

Price fixing

Price discrimination

Unit pricing

## Resale price maintenance

Manufacturers dictating the price an item must be sold for in retail locations.
Past practice left retailers without merchandise if they sold products at a lower price than instructed.

## Unfair trade practices

Price advertising $\qquad$

Bait and switch advertising is illegal

Price ethics
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Basic Pricing Policies

Demand-oriented pricing
Relies on supply and demand, the higher the demand the more a business can charge for a product.

Competition-oriented pricing
No relationship between pricing and demand

## Pricing Policies

One price policy
All customers are charged the same price for the same product.

## Create a Note - Pricing Process Strategies

- Using the material provided, create a note on Pricing Process Strategies for yourself.

Your note should not be a direct regurgitation of the material, but put into your own words.

You may work with a partner or small group of three to productively complete your note by the end of the period.

## Homework Questions

1. Why does pricing for a product or service change during the product life cycle? $\qquad$
2. Identify the main factors that affect the pricing of a product/service.
3. How have advancements in technology affected the pricing of goods/services?
4. What is the difference between market share and market position?
5. What might a manufacturer and a customer discuss about the pricing of a newly developed
product? product?
